



Breach Reporting



What is a breach?

- Any departure from:
 - Approved Protocol
 - Conditions of approvals
 - Principles of GCP
 - Written procedures (SOPs)
 - Regulatory requirements
 - Insurance cover
 - Contractual obligations
 - Confidentiality and GDPR
- Our Sponsor does not recognise deviations – all deviations should be classified as breaches and reported.



Breach reporting

- Breach reporting is the responsibility of the site team
- Breach report is made directly to the Sponsor
- The breach reporting form must be downloaded from TASC website each time it is required, to ensure you are using a correct version
- The form can be found under TASC SOP59:

<https://www.dundee.ac.uk/tasc/policies-sops-templates/study-progress>

- Email breach report form to tascpotentialbreach@dundee.ac.uk & copy in airnet-tm@dundee.ac.uk
- Ensure correct breach numbering is used by referring to the site Breach Log
- The Sponsor will close and categorise the breach form and send a copy back to the site team
- Every breach must be documented on the Breach Log in the site file
- Each closed breach report must be filed in the ISF

Part A

Project details
Protocol title:
IRAS number:

Name and contact details of person reporting/completing the form
Name:
Role within project if relevant:
Email:
Tel:

Details of Site where breach occurred
Name of <u>Site</u> :
Site Number <u> </u> (If not single centre):
Name of Principal Investigator:
Email of PI:
Number of breaches reported at this site, including this one (information from Site's Breach Log):

Have you informed any other parties? If so, who and when? <i>Do NOT enter names, only the date when informed. Add rows as required.</i>		
	Date	Method i.e., email, phone, verbal
Has the person who may have committed the breach been notified? <i>(If different from person reporting the breach)</i>		
Principal Investigator		
REC		
Funder		
<u>Other</u> (Identify all, but if none, then enter n/a under space for date)		

Timeline
Date breach identified:
Date breach occurred:
Date of notification to Sponsor:
Provide brief explanation if not same date:

Summary of breach
<i>Detail what has been breached- i.e., GCP, Protocol, SOPs, GDPR Explain the breach in layman's terms and what has happened. Include any background information and context to understand the incident.</i>

Actual impact (select all that apply if known at this time.)
Patient Safety, physical or mental integrity <input type="checkbox"/>
Data Integrity (scientific value of the <u>trial</u>) <input type="checkbox"/>
No significant impact <input type="checkbox"/>

Corrective action taken
<i>Provide details of action taken to correct this breach. If none, you must explain why not.</i>

Preventative action proposed
<i>Provide a clear measurable plan on what is being put in place to stop this happening in the future. Must include: A timeline for implementation, detail who is responsible for each action and provide information on how this will be included in final <u>report</u></i>

Send to the Sponsor/Breach Team
<i>Please forward this form to taspotentialbreach@dundee.ac.uk</i>



Corrective And Preventive Action (CAPA)

- **Corrective**
 - What did you do to fix it?
- **Preventive**
 - Preventive action is to stop the problem from happening again, e.g checklist, training, new SOP, etc.



Are breaches always serious?

No.

- The majority are technical breaches that do not result in harm to the trial participants or significantly affect the scientific value of the reported results
- But...several non-serious breaches can become one Serious Breach as collectively they do have a detrimental impact
- Therefore, ALL must be reported to Sponsor and documented on the Breach Log
- If you are unsure, report anyway